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# Recombinant Human HSP70/HSPA1A Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH030303

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### **Description**

 Species
 Human

 Mol\_Mass
 72.2 kDa

 Accession
 P08107

**Bio-activity** 1. Measured by its ability to bind human PARP1 in a functional ELISA. 2. Measured by its

ability to bind mouse PARP1 in a functional ELISA.

### **Properties**

**Purity** > 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted

samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from sterile 20mM Tris, 500mM NaCl, pH 7.4, 10% glycerol

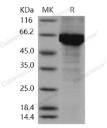
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before

lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

## Data



> 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

#### **Background**

HSPA1A is a member of the Hsp70 protein family. The 70 kilodalton heat shock proteins (Hsp70s) are a family of ubiquitously expressed heat shock proteins. HSP are abundant and conserved proteins present in all cells. Upon temperature shock or other stress stimuli, HSP are synthesized intracellularly, which may protect cells from protein denaturation or from death. Extracellularly, HSP can serve a cytokine function to initiate both innate and adaptive immunity through activation of APC. HSP serves also a chaperone function and facilitates presentation of antigen peptide to T cells. Molecular chaperones of the Hsp70 family have diverse functions in cells. They assist the folding of newly synthesized and stress-denatured proteins, as well as the import of proteins into organelles, and the dissociation of aggregated proteins. The well-conserved Hsp70 chaperones are ATP dependent: binding and hydrolysis of ATP regulates their interactions with unfolded polypeptide substrates, and ATPase cycling is necessary for their function. All cellular functions of Hsp70 chaperones use the same mechanism of ATP-driven polypeptide binding and release.

## For Research Use Only

 Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623
 Tel: 1-832-243-6086
 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

 Web: <a href="mailto:www.elabscience.com">www.elabscience.com</a>
 Email: <a href="mailto:techsupport@elabscience.com">techsupport@elabscience.com</a>

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